

**SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Sika® Primer-207 AGR

Company name : Sika Corporation  
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USA  
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Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300  
INTERNATIONAL: +1-703-527-3887

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use : For further information, refer to product data sheet.

**SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)**

Flammable liquids : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Respiratory sensitization : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3 (Central nervous system)

**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms : 

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing diffi-



culties if inhaled.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements :

**Prevention:**

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.  
No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.  
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

**Response:**

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.  
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.  
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.  
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Storage:**

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Additional Labeling**

There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration  $\geq 1\%$ .

**Other hazards**

Intentional misuse by deliberate concentration and inhalation of vapor may be harmful or fatal.

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**SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**
**Mixtures****Components**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 30 - < 50
butanone	78-93-3	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 30 - < 50
aromatic polyisocyanate	53317-61-6	Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 5 - < 10
tris(p-isocyanatophenyl) thiophosphate	4151-51-3	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 1 - < 5
Tris(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)isocyanurate	26115-70-8	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 1 - < 5
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

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**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice	: Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	: Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	: Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.



Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.  
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : irritant effects  
sensitizing effects  
Asthmatic appearance  
Respiratory disorder  
Allergic reactions  
Excessive lachrymation  
Loss of balance  
Vertigo  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

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## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water  
High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Further information : Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.  
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

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## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.  
Remove all sources of ignition.  
Deny access to unprotected persons.  
Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform



respective authorities.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

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## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Use explosion-proof equipment.  
Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.  
Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.  
Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.  
Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).  
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
For personal protection see section 8.  
Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.  
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.  
Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors).  
Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.  
Store in cool place.  
Keep in a well-ventilated place.  
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.  
Observe label precautions.  
Store in accordance with local regulations.

Materials to avoid : Explosives  
Oxidizing agents  
Poisonous gases  
Poisonous liquids

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## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters



Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	TWA	400 ppm 1,400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	400 ppm 1,400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA P0
butanone	78-93-3	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	300 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	200 ppm 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	200 ppm 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA P0
		STEL	300 ppm 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA P0
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0.005 ppm	ACGIH
		C	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
		C	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA P0

The above constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

**Engineering measures** : Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.  
The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.



- Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
- Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.  
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.  
Remove respiratory and skin/eye protection only after vapors have been cleared from the area.  
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.  
Wash thoroughly after handling.

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**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- Appearance : liquid
- Color : black
- Odor : solvent
- Odor Threshold : No data available
- pH : Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
- Melting point/range / Freezing point : No data available
- Boiling point/boiling range : > 158 °F / 70 °C
- Flash point : 25 °F / -4 °C  
(Method: closed cup)
- Evaporation rate : No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
- Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : 11.5 %(V)
- Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : 1.8 %(V)
- Vapor pressure : 99.9915 hpa
- Relative vapor density : No data available
- Density : ca. 0.97 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (68 °F / 20 °C)
- Solubility(ies)
- Water solubility : insoluble
- Solubility in other solvents : No data available



Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	427 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	ca. 15 mPa.s (68 °F / 20 °C)
Viscosity, kinematic	:	< 20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (104 °F / 40 °C)
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content	:	657.5 g/l

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## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid moisture.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong acids and oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### ethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): ca. 1,600 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

#### butanone:





Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,300 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 36 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

**aromatic polyisocyanate:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
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**tris(p-isocyanatophenyl) thiophosphate:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 675 mg/kg Remarks: see user defined free text
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 5.721 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

**Tris(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)isocyanurate:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 1,713 mg/kg
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**4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50: 1.5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgment

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization****Skin sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitization**

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**IARC** Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans



Carbon black

1333-86-4

OSHA Not applicable

NTP Not applicable

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-single exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Further information****Product:**

Remarks

: Carbon black (1333-86-4)

**Animal Toxicity:**

Rat, oral, duration 2 year

Effect: no tumors

Mouse, oral, duration 2 years

Effect: no tumors

Mouse, dermal, duration 18 months

Effect: no skin tumors

Rat, inhalation, duration 2 years

Target organ: lungs

Effect: inflammation, fibrosis, tumors

Note: Tumors in the rat lung are considered to be related to the "particle overload phenomenon" rather than to a specific chemical effect of carbon black itself in the lung. These effects in rats have been reported in many studies on other poorly soluble inorganic particles and appear to be rat specific. Tumors have not been observed in other species (i.e., mouse and hamster) for carbon black or other poorly soluble particles under similar circumstances and study conditions.

Mortality studies (human data): A study on carbon black production workers in the UK (Sorahan, 2001) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plants studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon black workers at one plant (Morfeld, 2006; Buechte, 2006) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the Sorahan, 2001 (UK study) found no association with carbon black exposure. A large US study of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers (DEll, 2006). Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at the International Agency for



Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate (IARC, 2010). Since the IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington (2007) have re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney (2009) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative exposure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington. Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated.

**IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION:** In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 finding that there is "inadequate evidence" from human health studies to assess whether carbon black causes cancer in humans. IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence" in experimental animal studies for the carcinogenicity of carbon black. IARC's overall evaluation is that carbon black is "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which generally require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more animal studies (IARC, 2010).

Solvent extracts of carbon black were used in one study of rats in which skin tumors were found after dermal application and several studies of mice in which sarcomas were found following subcutaneous injection. IARC concluded that there was "sufficient evidence" that carbon black extracts can cause cancer in animals (Group 2B).

**ICGIH CANCER CLASSIFICATION:** Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (Category A3 Carcinogen).

**ASSESSMENT:** Applying the guidelines of self-classification under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, carbon black is not classified as a carcinogen. Lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rats tumors are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. In support of this opinion, the CLP Guidance for Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (STOT-RE), cites lung overload under mechanisms not relevant to humans. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk to carcinogenicity.

**Remarks**

: Toxicology data for the ingredients  
Information given is based on data on the ingredients and the toxicology of similar products.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Ecotoxicity**

No data available

**Persistence and degradability**

No data available

**Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

**Mobility in soil**

No data available

**Other adverse effects****Product:**

Additional ecological information : Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.  
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

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**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****International Regulations****IATA-DGR**

UN/ID No. : UN 1866  
Proper shipping name : Resin solution  
Class : 3  
Packing group : II  
Labels : Flammable Liquids  
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364  
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 353

**IMDG-Code**

UN number : UN 1866



Proper shipping name : RESIN SOLUTION  
Class : 3  
Packing group : II  
Labels : 3  
EmS Code : F-E, S-E  
Marine pollutant : no

**Domestic regulation****49 CFR**

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1866  
Proper shipping name : Resin solution  
Class : 3  
Packing group : II  
Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID  
ERG Code : 127  
Marine pollutant : no

DOT: For Limited Quantity exceptions reference 49 CFR 173.150 (b)

IMDG: For Limited Quantity special provisions reference IMDG Code Chapter 3.4

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**TSCA list** : On or in compliance with the active portion of the TSCA inventory

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	5000

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards** : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Respiratory or skin sensitization  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**SARA 313** : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Clean Air Act**

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

**California Prop. 65**

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black, amorphous, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

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**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION****Full text of other abbreviations**

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA P0	:	USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
OSHA P0 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA P0 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
OSHA P0 / C	:	Ceiling limit
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / C	:	Ceiling

**Notes to Reader**

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet applies only to the actual Sika Corporation ("Sika") product identified and described herein. This information is not intended to address, nor does it address the use or application of the identified Sika product in combination with any other material, product or process. All of the information set forth herein is based on technical data regarding the identified product that Sika believes to be reliable as of the date hereof. Prior to each use of any Sika product, the user must always read and follow the warnings and instructions on the product's current Product Data Sheet, product label and Safety Data Sheet for each Sika product, which are available at web site and/or telephone number listed in Section 1 of this SDS.

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